

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FRC107 - General Purpose Flux Remover - EU, AEROSOL

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name FRC107 - General Purpose Flux Remover - EU, AEROSOL

Product number MCC-FRC107

Synonyms; trade names Prototype 12-9-5, General Purpose Flux Remover II - AEROSOL

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Cleaning agent.

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MICROCARE EUROPE BVBA

VEKESTRAAT 29 B11
INDUSTRIEZONE 'T SAS
1910 KAMPENHOUT, Belgium
Phone +32.2.251.95.05
Fax +32.2.400.96.39
EuroSales@microcare.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone INFOTRAC +44 330 027 0156 (UK)

1-352-323-3500 (from anywhere in the world)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 3 - H229

Health hazards STOT SE 2 - H371

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H371 May cause damage to organs .

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request. **RCH001a** For use in industrial installations only.

Contains methanol

Supplementary precautionary P273 Avoid release to the environment.

statements P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

2.3. Other hazards

This product contains a substance classified as PBT.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

trans-1 2-DICHI OROFTHYI FNF	10-30%

CAS number: 156-60-5 EC number: 205-860-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2120093504-55-0003

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

TRANS-1,3,3,3-TETRAFLUOROPROP-1-ENE 10-30%

CAS number: 29118-24-9 EC number: 471-480-0 REACH registration number: 01-

0000019758-54-0000

Classification

Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether 10-30%

CAS number: 163702-07-6 EC number: 422-270-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119899252-29-0001

Classification

Not Classified

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Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether 10-30%

CAS number: 163702-08-7 EC number: 422-270-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119899252-29-0001

Classification
Not Classified

METHANOL 1-5%

CAS number: 67-56-1 EC number: 200-659-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 STOT SE 1 - H370

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition commentsThe data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

Composition

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical

attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

Skin contact Rinse with water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and

propellant.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be

taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into

spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the

aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Storage precautions

> Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Storage class Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 200 ppm

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 750 ppm

Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 750 ppm

METHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³

Sk

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the

product or ingredients.

Eye/face protectionUnless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following

protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection No specific hand protection recommended. Avoid contact with skin.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product.

Respiratory protection Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.

Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European

Standard EN140.

Environmental exposure

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid. Aerosol.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Slight. Ether.

Odour threshold No information available.

pH No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and range No information available.

Flash point The product is not flammable.

Evaporation rate No information available.

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Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Upper flammable/explosive limit: Not Determined Lower flammable/explosive limit: Not

Determined

No information available.

No information available.

Other flammability The product is not flammable.

Vapour pressureNo information available.Vapour densityNo information available.Relative densityNo information available.Bulk densityNo information available.

Solubility(ies) No information available.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Decomposition Temperature No information available.

Explosive propertiesNo information available.

Comments Aerosol.

Global Warming Potential

Auto-ignition temperature

(GWP)

Viscosity

Surface tension

9.2. Other information

Refractive index No information available.

Particle size Not applicable.

Molecular weight Not applicable.

Volatility 100%

Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

Heat of vaporization (at boiling

point), cal/g (Btu/lb)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

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Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised

container: may burst if heated

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 4,444.44

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 13,333.33

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

22.22

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 31.88

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 2 - H371 May cause damage to organs .

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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

7,902.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 7,902.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.

Animal data Slightly irritating. Rabbit

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Supplier's information. Rabbit 500 mg 24 hours Causes mild skin irritation.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No specific test data are available.

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Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation No specific test data are available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroThis substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Genotoxicity - in vivoThis substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No specific test data are available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure NOAEL Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 16 mg/l, 90 days

Target organs Endocrine system Liver Kidneys Bladder Respiratory tract

TRANS-1,3,3,3-TETRAFLUOROPROP-1-ENE

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

965.0

965.0

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

5,000.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

1,000.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

1,000.0

Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

1,000.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

1,000.0

METHANOL

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

3.0

0.5

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal dataBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisationBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

у -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development

fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370 Causes damage to organs .

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness,

disorientation, vertigo. Unconsciousness. High concentrations may be fatal.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether

Ecotoxicity There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

METHANOL

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills

may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 135 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 220 mg/l, Daphnia magna

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Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

LC₅₀, 72 hours: 36.36 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic aquatic toxicity

life stage

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 48 hours: 110,000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

TRANS-1,3,3,3-TETRAFLUOROPROP-1-ENE

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: >160 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

METHANOL

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LC₅₀, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) Acute toxicity - fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: >10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Biodegradation Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

TRANS-1,3,3,3-TETRAFLUOROPROP-1-ENE

Persistence and

degradability

The product is not readily biodegradable.

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether

Persistence and degradability

No data available.

Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether

Persistence and degradability

The product is not expected to be biodegradable.

METHANOL

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Persistence and degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of

this product.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 2.06

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

METHANOL

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient : -0.77

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients.

trans-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

Mobility The product has poor water-solubility.

Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether

Mobility Not applicable.

Methyl Nonafluoroisobutyl Ether

Mobility Not applicable.

METHANOL

Mobility No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

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METHANOL

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of

the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers,

labelled with their contents.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (IMDG) 1950 **UN No. (ICAO)** 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (IMDG) UN1950 AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE, 2.2, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (ICAO) UN1950 AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE, 2.2, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (ADN) LIMITED QUANTITY

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG class 2.2
ICAO class/division 2.2

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States

relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

STOT SE 2 - H371: : Calculation method. Aguatic Chronic 3 - H412: : Calculation method.

Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Aerosol = Aerosol

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Classification procedures

according to Regulation (EC)

Aerosol 3 - H229: : Expert judgement.

1272/2008

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 21/05/2021

Revision 30

Supersedes date 01/09/2020

SDS number AEROSOL - FRC107

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs . H371 May cause damage to organs .

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.